# GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

RUTHERFORD, TAYLOR & COMPANY, P.C. Certified Public Accountants 3500 Joe Ramsey Blvd. Greenville, Texas 75401 (903) 455-6252

# GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

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# **CERTIFICATE OF BOARD**

Greenville Independent School District Name of School District <u>Hunt</u> County 116-905 Co.-Dist. Number

We, the undersigned, certify that the attached auditor's report of the above-named school district was reviewed and \_\_\_\_\_\_ approved/\_\_\_\_\_\_ disapproved for the year ended June 30, 2023, at a meeting of the board of school trustees of such school district on  $\frac{11/14/23}{23}$ .

Signature of Board Secretary

ull resident

If the auditor's report was checked above as disapproved, the reasons(s) therefore is/are (attach list if necessary):

FINANCIAL SECTION



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board Greenville Independent School District

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

## Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Greenville Independent School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Greenville Independent School District as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures including examining, on a test basis, evidence
  regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charges with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

## **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and schedules related to pension and other post-employment benefit activities be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Independent Auditor's Report - Continued

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the other information section of exhibits presented in the table of contents but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 9, 2023, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance and compliance.

Rutherford, Taylor & Conjany PL

November 9, 2023 Greenville, Texas



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS* 

Members of the Board Greenville Independent School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Greenville Independent School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 9, 2023.

### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Report on Internal Control - Continued

## Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rutherford, Taylor & CongangPL

November 9, 2023 Greenville, Texas



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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Members of the Board Greenville Independent School District

### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited Greenville Independent School District's (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the type of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for Compliance**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud, or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentation, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

## Internal Control over Compliance with the Uniform Guidance - Continued

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

# Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weakness, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

# Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rutherford, Taylor & Congang PL

November 9, 2023 Greenville, Texas

# Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements –	
Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified Opinion
Internal Control over Financial Reporting: Material weaknesses identified Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses	No None reported
Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted	None
Federal Awards –	
Material weaknesses identified Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses	None None reported
Type of Auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified opinion
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance	No
Identification of major programs	Education Stabilization Fund Cluster: ESSER – II (84.425d) ESSER – III (84.425a) ESSER – TCLAS (84.425u) Special Education Cluster: IDEA – B Formula (84.027) IDEA – B Preschool (84.173) IDEA – B Formula (84.027x) IDEA – B Discretionary (Deaf) (84.027) Child Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program (10.553) National School Lunch Program (10.555)
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs	\$ 750,000
Entity qualified as a low risk auditee	Yes
Pass-through Entities	Texas Education Agency

Financial Statement Findings (Section II)

Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs (Section III)

Prior Year Findings (Section IV)

Corrective Action Plans (Section V)

This section of Greenville Independent School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total combined net position was \$ 23,141,366 at June 30, 2023.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$ 4,492,334 less than the \$ 77,517,398 generated in local property taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance this year of \$ 23,654,117, a decrease of \$ 888,128 from the prior year amount.
- The District issued maintenance tax notes totaling \$7,875,000 to provide funding for equipment and other capital acquisitions and purposes.
- The District executed right of use lease agreements to provide copiers throughout the facilities.

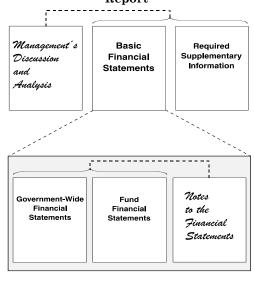
# **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as a print shop.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The basic financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the basic financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the basic financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

#### Figure A-1, Required Components of the District's Annual Financial Report



Detail

Summary

Government-wide

Type of Statements

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's basic financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

## GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and

Entire Agency's government The activities of the district Instances in which the Activities the district (except fiduciary funds) operates similar to private district is the trustee or that are not proprietary or and the Agency's component fiduciary businesses: self insurance agent for someone else's Scope units resources \_\_\_\_\_ Statement of net assets Balance sheet Statement of net assets + Statement of fiduciary net assets • Statement of revenues, · Statement of activities Statement of revenues. · Statement of changes Required financial expenditures & changes expenses and changes in in fiduciary net assets statements in fund balances fund net assets • Statement of cash flows Accrual accounting and Accrual accounting and Accounting basis Accrual accounting and Modified accrual and measurement economic resources focus accounting and current economic resources focus economic resources focus focus financial resources focu-All assets and liabilities Only assets expected to All assets and liabilities All assets and liabilities. both financial and capital, both financial and capital, be used up and liabilities both short-term and long Type of short-term and long-term that come due during the and short-term and longterm; the Agency's funds do asset/liability year or soon thereafter; not currently contain term information no capital assets included capital assets, although they can All revenues and Revenues for which cash All revenues and expenses All revenues and expenses during year, is received during or soon during year, regardless of expenses during year, regardless of when cash after the end of the year: when cash is received or regardless of when cash Type of is received or paid expenditures when goods paid is received or paid inflow/outflow or services have been information received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter

Figure A-2. Major Features of the District's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

**Governmental Funds** 

Fund Statements

**Proprietary Funds** 

Fiduciary Funds

how they have changed. Net position—the difference between the District's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base and student population.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services and general administration. Property taxes and grants finance most of these activities.

# FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The District has the following kinds of funds:

Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash
and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are
available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you
determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's
programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements,
we provide additional information on the subsequent page that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.

- Proprietary funds—Services for which the District charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information. We use internal service funds to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities.
- Fiduciary funds—The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the
  assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a
  separate statement of fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial
  statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The District's combined net position was \$ 23,141,366 at June 30, 2023.

Greenville Independent	School	District's Net	Pos	sition	<b>Table A-1</b> Total
		Government 2023	Percentage Change 2022-2023		
Assets: Cash and Investments Other Assets Capital Assets less Accumulated	\$	42,150,713 10,098,843	\$	32,851,577 12,930,214	28.31% -21.90%
Depreciation		88,071,433		88,536,663	-0.53%
Total Assets	\$	140,320,989	\$	134,318,454	4.47%
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	29,339,374	\$	16,644,043	76.28%
Liabilities: Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities	\$	5,791,801 118,917,448	\$	7,391,981 104,130,619	-21.65% 14.20%
Total Liabilities	\$	124,709,249	\$	111,522,600	11.82%
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	21,809,748	\$	20,790,865	4.90%
Net Position: Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	10,871,320 9,921,003 2,349,043	\$	9,800,043 8,569,893 279,096	10.93% 15.77% 741.66%
Total Net Position	\$	23,141,366	\$	18,649,032	-24.09%

Approximately \$ 7,909,823 of the District's restricted net position represent funds for debt retirement. Unrestricted net position represents resources available to fund the programs of the District next year.

#### **CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

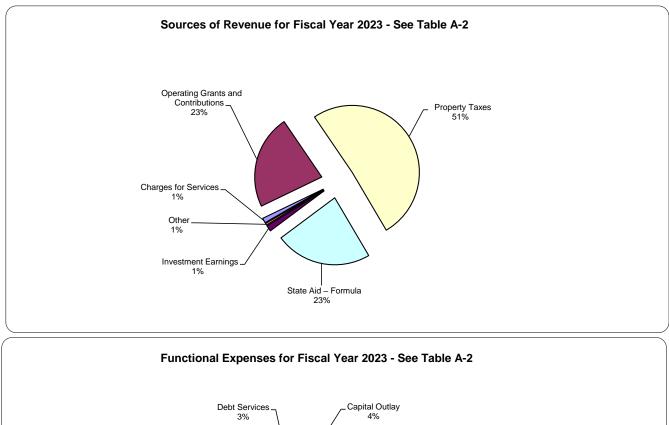
The District's total revenues were \$77,557,398.51% of the District's revenue comes from property taxes (See Table A-3). 46% comes from state aid and federal grants, while only 3% relates to charges for services and other miscellaneous revenues, including investment earnings.

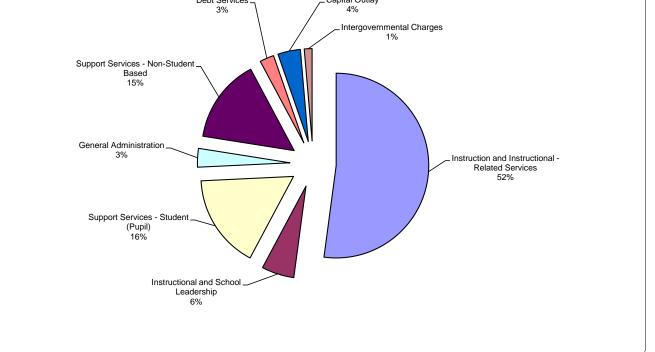
The total cost of all programs and services was \$73,025,064. 52% of these costs are for instruction and instructional related staff and student services.

The District's base tax collection percentage rate (current and delinquent – base tax only) was 97.48%. The total tax collection percentage rate (base tax and penalty and interest) was 99.28%

## **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

Changes in Orsenville Indexeder	nt Caba	ol Dictrictic N	of 1	Position	Table A-2
Changes in Greenville Independer	nt Schoo	DI DISTRICT'S N	et I	Position	Total Percentage
		Government 2023	al A	Activities 2022	Change 2022-2023
Program Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$	914,398	\$	861,871	6.09%
Operating Grants and Contributions	+	17,559,609	Ŧ	19,393,942	-9.46%
General Revenues:		, ,		-,,-	
Property Taxes		39,568,615		33,458,007	18.26%
State Aid – Formula		18,016,013		22,159,977	-18.70%
Investment Earnings		1,102,298		79,935	1278.99%
Other		356,465		269,176	32.43%
Total Revenues	\$	77,517,398	\$	76,222,908	1.70%
Expenses:					
Instruction	\$	35,151,157	\$	32,406,101	8.47%
Instructional Resources and Media Services	*	202,999	*	222,310	-8.69%
Curriculum and Staff Development		2,696,411		3,741,909	-27.94%
Instructional Leadership		957,865		710,752	34.77%
School Leadership		3,188,145		3,179,843	0.26%
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		2,334,665		2,093,519	11.52%
Social Work Services		78,585		241,188	-67.42%
Health Services		559,109		498,821	12.09%
Student (Pupil) Transportation		2,324,332		1,933,261	20.23%
Food Services		4,167,210		3,099,233	34.46%
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		2,550,869		2,314,604	10.21%
General Administration		2,386,293		2,111,257	13.03%
Plant Maintenance and Operations		6,590,901		6,521,030	1.07%
Security and Monitoring Services		1,410,619		615,357	129.24%
Data Processing Services		2,516,552		2,753,442	-8.60%
Community Services		215,765		190,007	13.56%
Debt Service		1,817,096		1,662,147	9.32%
Capital Outlay		2,884,021		1,498,178	92.50%
Payments for Shared Service Arrangements		263,001		477,443	-44.91%
Other Intergovernmental Charges		729,469		663,217	9.99%
Total Expenses	\$	73,025,064	\$	66,933,619	9.10%
Excess (Deficiency) Before Other Resources,					
Uses and Transfers	\$	4,492,334	\$	9,289,289	-51.64%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$	4,492,334	\$	9,289,289	-51.64%
Net Position - Beginning (July 1)	\$	18,649,032	\$	9,359,145	99.26%
Prior Period Adjustment			-	598	100.00%
Net Position, Beginning, restated	\$	18,649,032	\$	9,359,743	-99.25%
Net Position - Ending (June 30)	\$	23,141,366	\$	18,649,032	24.09%





- Table A-3 presents the cost of selected functions as well as each function's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by state revenues as well as local tax dollars.
- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$ 73,025,064.
- However, the amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$ 39,568,615.
- Some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs, \$ 914,398 or
- By grants and contributions, \$ 17,559,609.

Greenville Independent School District Net Cost of Selected District Functions										
	Total Cost 2023	of Services 2022	% Change Change	Net Cost of 2023	of Services 2022	% Change Change				
Instruction School Leadership General Administration Facilities Maintenance and Operations Debt Service	\$35,151,157 3,188,145 2,386,293 6,590,901 1,817,096	\$ 32,406,101 3,179,843 2,111,257 6,521,030 1,662,147	8.47% 0.26% 13.03% 1.07% 9.32%	\$ 23,762,088 3,054,117 2,366,307 6,358,401 1,589,094	\$ 21,833,390 3,091,473 2,147,282 6,238,634 1,554,416	8.83% -1.21% 10.20% 1.92% 2.23%				

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Revenues in the governmental funds totaled \$ 79,493,111. This represents an increase of \$ 356,072 from the prior year revenues of \$ 79,137,039. The change represents an increase in local and state revenues mostly due to changes in state funding procedures along with additional federal funding for pandemic related learning loss.

Expenditures in the governmental funds totaled \$ 81,022,015. This represents an increase of \$ 3,109,022 from the prior year expenditures of \$ 77,912,993. This increase includes generic operating cost increase as well as continued facility maintenance costs and improvements. Federal program expansion related to learning loss due to the pandemic continued to consume available resources.

## **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

Over the course of the year, the District revised its General Fund budget several times. With these adjustments, actual expenditures were \$ 5,502,938 below final budget amounts. The most significant positive variance resulted from reduced expenditures in the instruction functional category as well as less than anticipated costs for professional development,t maintenance and operations, and capital outlay.

Resources available were \$ 273,860 below the final General Fund budgeted amount. The unfavorable variance was the result of less than anticipated local revenues including property tax collections and state aid related to enrollment and attendance.

## CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

## **CAPITAL ASSETS**

At year-end, the District had invested \$ 159,676,462 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings and vehicles (See Table A-4).

Greenville Ind	ependent School District's Capital Assets Governmental Activities 2023 2022	Table A-4 Total Percentage Change 2022-2023
Land Construction in Progress Buildings and Improvements Vehicles Equipment Right of Use Lease Assets	\$ 1,592,652 \$ 1,607,652 3,226,792 4,152,620 141,543,845 140,723,115 6,005,411 5,652,265 6,122,977 4,718,288 1,184,785 906,395	-0.93% -22.30% 0.58% 6.25% 29.77% 30.71%
Totals at Historical Cost Less Accumulated Depreciation Net Capital Assets	\$ 159,676,462         \$ 157,760,335           (71,605,029)         (69,223,672)           \$ 88,071,433         \$ 88,536,663	1.21% 3.44% -0.53%

# DEBT

At year-end the District had \$85.035,113 in debt outstanding as shown in Table A-5. More detailed information about the District's debt is presented in the notes to the basic financial statements. Bond Ratings -

The District's bonds presently carry "AAA" ratings.

Greenville	ťs Debt	Table A-5		
				Total Percentage Change
	 2023		2022	2022-2023
Bonds Payable Direct Borrowings Payable Right of Use Lease Payable Other Debt Payable	\$ 68,125,000 9,213,466 648,356 7,048,291	\$	69,675,000 1,137,380 657,496 10,621,958	-2.22% 710.06% -1.39% -33.64%
Total Debt Payable	\$ 85,035,113	\$	82,091,834	3.59%

## ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The District's property valuation has continued to increase as economic conditions have improved following the Covid pandemic. This has provided stable tax revenues to the District. Local property tax rates for maintenance and operations are restricted by statute to \$ .97, without local elections. In prior years, the State Legislature passed House Bill 2 (HB2) which included various changes to the property tax rate structure limiting school districts' opportunities for tax modifications and compressing the rates charged to taxpayers. During the latest special session of the Texas Legislature, the bodies passed Senate Bill 2 (SB2) which provides a mandatory increase in the homestead exemption to \$100,000. This exemption is to be put into effect after a constitutional election slated for November 2023. If the measure is approved, tax revenues will be reduced. This and additional changes required under SB2 could impact the District's financial operations, including cash flows.

The State has increased funding levels for the 2023 - 2025 biennium, which will affect the revenue levels of the District. The level of funding per attendance credits increased but the tax rate compression and expanded homestead exemption will reduce the local effort for revenues. This reduction is to be funded by the State in its annual foundation support. With these changes in funding, the District anticipates monitoring expenditure levels to ensure financial stability remains strong.

Student population has remained at a steady historical growth rate in the District. The economic outlook for the area is for growth to be fairly stable, as indicated by property value increases in prior years. Housing has not expanded at the rate of other north central Texas communities. These economic conditions should allow the District to maintain constant funding and staffing levels.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to: Coy Martin, Chief Financial Officer, PO Box 1022, Greenville, TX 75401.

# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Data			1
Control Codes	_		overnmental Activities
	ASSETS		
1110	Cash and Investments	\$	42,150,713
1225	Property Taxes Receivable, Net	Ŷ	2,491,974
1240	Due from Other Governments		7,599,627
1300	Inventories		7,242
	Capital Assets:		- ,
1510	Land		1,592,652
1520	Buildings and Improvements, Net		78,236,511
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net		4,158,165
1550	Right of Use Assets, Net		857,313
1580	Construction in Progress		3,226,792
1000	Total Assets	\$	140,320,989
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
1701	Deferred Outflows - Refunding	\$	9,144,101
1705	Deferred Outflows - Pensions		12,020,116
1706	Deferred Outflows - OPEB		8,175,157
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	29,339,374
	LIABILITIES		
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	1,150,274
2140	Interest Payable		628,383
2165	Accrued Liabilities		3,484,229
2300	Unearned Revenue		528,915
	Noncurrent Liabilities:		
2501	Due within one year		3,065,128
2502	Due in more than one year		81,969,985
2540	Net Pension Liability		22,153,329
2545	Net OPEB Liability		11,729,006
2000	Total Liabilities	\$	124,709,249
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
2605	Deferred Inflows - Pensions	\$	1,940,451
2606	Deferred Inflows - OPEB		19,869,297
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	21,809,748
	NET POSITION		
3200	Net Investments in Capital Assets	\$	10,871,320
	Restricted For:		
3820	Federal and State Programs		1,367,138
3850	Debt Service		7,909,823
3890	Other Purposes		644,042
3900	Unrestricted		2,349,043
3000	Total Net Position	\$	23,141,366

Net (Expense)

# GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

1 3

4

							Program Revenues					
Data							Operating					
Contro	l			С	harges for		Grants and	G	overnmental			
Codes	Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	С	ontributions		Activities			
	Governmental Activities:											
11	Instruction	\$	35,151,157	\$	164,118	\$	11,224,951	\$	(23,762,088)			
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services	÷	202,999	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	109,545	Ŷ	(93,454)			
13	Curriculum and Staff Development		2,696,411		-		1,453,928		(1,242,483)			
21	Instructional Leadership		957,865		-		70,451		(887,414)			
23	School Leadership		3,188,145		-		134,028		(3,054,117)			
31	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		2,334,665		-		310,676		(2,023,989)			
32	Social Work Services		78,585		-		1,404		(77,181)			
33	Health Services		559,109		-		29,244		(529,865)			
34	Student Transportation		2,324,332		-		76,698		(2,247,634)			
35	Food Services		4,167,210		322,600		3,098,718		(745,892)			
36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		2,550,869		412,399		84,079		(2,054,391)			
41	General Administration		2,386,293		-		19,986		(2,366,307)			
51	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		6,590,901		15,281		217,219		(6,358,401)			
52	Security and Monitoring Services		1,410,619		-		73,167		(1,337,452)			
53	Data Processing Services		2,516,552		-		37,745		(2,478,807)			
61	Community Services		215,765		-		125,038		(90,727)			
72	Interest on Long-term Debt		1,606,459		-		228,002		(1,378,457)			
73	Debt Issuance Costs and Fees		210,637		-		-		(210,637)			
81	Capital Outlay		2,884,021		-		1,855		(2,882,166)			
93	Payments for Shared Service Arrangements		263,001		-		262,875		(126)			
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges		729,469		-		-		(729,469)			
ΤG	Total Governmental Activities	\$	73,025,064	\$	914,398	\$	17,559,609	\$	(54,551,057)			
TP	Total Primary Government	\$	73,025,064	\$	914,398	\$	17,559,609	\$	(54,551,057)			
		Gene	eral Revenues:									
МТ			perty Taxes, Lev	vied for	General Purno	92		\$	31,020,869			
DT			perty Taxes, Lev					Ψ	8,547,746			
IE			stment Earning						1,102,298			
GC			nt and Contribut		ot Restricted to	Speci	fic Programs		18,016,013			
MI			cellaneous						356,465			
TR			al General Reve	nues				\$	59,043,391			
CN			inge in Net Posi					\$	4,492,334			
NB			osition - Beginn		ly 1)			•	18,649,032			
NE		Net F	Position - Ending	(June	30)			\$	23,141,366			

## GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

Data		10	50 Debt	60 Capital		Other		98 Total
Control		General	Service	Projects	G	overnmental	G	overnmental
Codes		Fund	Fund	Funds	00	Funds	0	Funds
	_	 						
	ASSETS							
1110	Cash and Investments	\$ 24,888,672	\$ 8,048,916	\$ 9,937,317	\$	-	\$	42,874,905
1225	Property Taxes Receivable, Net	2,001,862	490,112	-		-		2,491,974
1240	Due from Other Governments	2,058,863	-	-		5,540,764		7,599,627
1300	Inventories	 7,242	 	 				7,242
1000	Total Assets	\$ 28,956,639	\$ 8,539,028	\$ 9,937,317	\$	5,540,764	\$	52,973,748
	LIABILITIES							
	Current Liabilities:							
2110	Accounts Payable	\$ 510,066	\$ -	\$ 322,679	\$	1,995,114	\$	2,827,859
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	2,790,594	-	-		693,635		3,484,229
2300	Unearned Revenues	 	 53,329	 		475,586		528,915
2000	Total Liabilities	\$ 3,300,660	\$ 53,329	\$ 322,679	\$	3,164,335	\$	6,841,003
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
2610	Deferred Property Taxes	\$ 2,001,862	\$ 490,112	\$ <u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	2,491,974
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 2,001,862	\$ 490,112	\$ 	\$		\$	2,491,974
	FUND BALANCES							
	Nonspendable Fund Balances:							
3410	Inventories	\$ 7,242	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	7,242
	Restricted Fund Balances:							-
3450	Federal/State Funds Grants	-	-	-		2,011,180		2,011,180
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt	-	7,614,245	-		-		7,614,245
3490	Other Restrictions of Fund Balance	-	-	9,614,638		83,969		9,698,607
	Committed Fund Balance:							
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance	1,158,851	381,342	-		281,280		1,821,473
	Assigned Fund Balances:							
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance	2,000,000	-	-		-		2,000,000
3600	Unassigned	 20,488,024	 	 				20,488,024
3000	Total Fund Balances	\$ 23,654,117	\$ 7,995,587	\$ 9,614,638	\$	2,376,429	\$	43,640,771
	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows							
4000	of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 28,956,639	\$ 8,539,028	\$ 9,937,317	\$	5,540,764	\$	52,973,748

# GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET (GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS) TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Total fund balances - Balance Sheet (governmental funds)	\$ 43,640,771
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement	
of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.	88,071,433
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	2,491,974
The assets and liabilities of internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the SNP.	953,392
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(68,125,000)
Payables for right of use leases which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(648,356)
Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(628,383)
Payable for direct borrowings which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(9,213,466)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are deferred in the funds.	9,144,102
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds.	(22,153,329)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	(1,940,451)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	12,020,116
Bond premiums are amortized in the SNA but not in the funds.	(7,048,291)
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds.	(11,729,006)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	(19,869,297)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	 8,175,157
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position	\$ 23,141,366

# GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

					50		60				98	
Data			10		Debt				Other	Total		
			0			Capital						
Control			General		Service		Projects	G	overnmental	Governmental		
Codes	_		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds		Funds	
	REVENUES											
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	32,197,200	\$	8,661,825	\$	110,047	\$	799,941	\$	41,769,013	
5800	State Program Revenues		20,492,071		228,002		-		468,464		21,188,537	
5900	Federal Program Revenues		1,826,888		-		-		14,708,673		16,535,561	
5020	Total Revenues	\$	54,516,159	\$	8,889,827	\$	110,047	\$	15,977,078	\$	79,493,111	
	EXPENDITURES											
	Current:											
0011	Instruction	\$	25,244,695	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,750,254	\$	33,994,949	
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		32,970		-		-		100,477		133,447	
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		932,924		-		-		1,827,396		2,760,320	
0021	Instructional Leadership		929,249		-		-		65,295		994,544	
0023	School Leadership		3,205,444		-		-		136,242		3,341,686	
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		2,144,079		-		-		306,965		2,451,044	
0032	Social Work Services		83,373		-		-		982		84,355	
0033	Health Services		539,150		-		-		27,132		566,282	
0034	Student Transportation		2,585,716		-		-		182,737		2,768,453	
0035	Food Services		94		-		-		4,760,194		4,760,288	
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		1,851,631		-		-		370,241		2,221,872	
0041	General Administration		2,441,327		-		-		49,354		2,490,681	
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		6,373,772		-		-		204,131		6,577,903	
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		1,395,295		-		165,000		67,388		1,627,683	
0053	Data Processing Services		2,744,153		-		-		31,031		2,775,184	
0061	Community Services		63,631		-		-		158,110		221,741	
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt		560,517		1,550,000		-		13,446		2,123,963	
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt		81,468		4,953,945		-		937		5,036,350	
0073	Debt Issuance Cost and Fees		8,681		4,500		197,457		-		210,638	
0081	Capital Outlay		4,114,555		-		773,607		-		4,888,162	
0093	Payments for Shared Service Arrangements		100		-		-		262,901		263,001	
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		729,469		-		-		-		729,469	
6030	Total Expenditures	\$	56,062,293	\$	6,508,445	\$	1,136,064	\$	17,315,213	\$	81,022,015	
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over											
1100	Expenditures	\$	(1,546,134)	\$	2,381,382	\$	(1,026,017)	\$	(1,338,135)	\$	(1,528,904)	
	Experiation	<u> </u>	(1,010,101)	<u> </u>	2,001,002	Ψ	(1,020,011)	<u> </u>	(1,000,100)	<u> </u>	(1,020,001)	
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
7913	Right of Use Lease Proceeds	\$	278,390	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	278,390	
7914	Non-Current Debt		487,520		-		7,875,000		-		8,362,520	
7915	Transfers In		.0.,020		_		.,0.0,000		107,904		107,904	
			-		-		-		107,904			
7916	Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds		-		-		322,457		-		322,457	
8911	Transfers Out		(107,904)		-		-		-		(107,904)	
7080	Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	658,006	\$	-	\$	8,197,457	\$	107,904	\$	8,963,367	
1200	Net Changes in Fund Balances	\$	(888,128)	\$	2,381,382	\$	7,171,440	\$	(1,230,231)	\$	7,434,463	
0100	Fund Balances - Beginning (July 1)		24,542,245		5,614,205		2,443,198		3,606,660		36,206,308	
3000	Fund Balances - Ending (June 30)	\$	23,654,117	\$	7,995,587	\$	9,614,638	\$	2,376,429	\$	43,640,771	

# GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 7,434,463
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement	
of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.	4,080,175
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	(4,530,405)
All Proceeds from the sale of captial assets are reported in the funds but not in the SOA.	(15,000)
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this period.	380,263
Expenses not requiring the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures on the funds.	71,667
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	1,550,000
Repayment of right of use lease principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	287,530
Repayment of direct borrowings principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	286,434
The accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds is not reported to end of period.	3,355,214
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest expense from beginning of period to end of period.	3,010
The net revenue (expense) of internal service funds is reported with governemental activites.	250,209
Proceeds of direct borrowings do not provide revenue in the SOA, But are reported as current resources in the funds.	(8,362,520)
Proceeds of bonds do not provide revenue in the SOA, But are reported as current resources in the funds.	(322,457)
Proceeds of right of use leases do not provide revenue in the SOA, But are reported as current resources in the funds.	(278,390)
Pension contributions in the CY are de-expended and recorded as deferred resources outflows.	1,537,288
Pension contriutions deferred in the PY are expended in the CY.	(1,357,200)
Pension Expense is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds,	(1,516,168)
OPEB contributions in the CY are de-expended and recorded as deffered resource outflows.	341,341
OPEB contributions deferred in the PY are expended in the CY.	(339,415)
OPEB Expense is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.	 1,636,295
Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities	\$ 4,492,334

# GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

Data Control Codes	Control		Nonmajor Internal Service Fund Insurance Fund		
	ASSETS				
1110	Current Assets: Cash and Investments	\$		1,213,205	
	Total Current Assets	\$		1,213,205	
1000	Total Assets	\$		1,213,205	
2110	LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable	\$		259,813	
	Total Current Liabilities	\$		259,813	
2000	Total Liabilities	\$		259,813	
3900	NET POSITION Unrestricted Net Position	\$		953,392	
3000	Total Net Position	<u></u>		953,392	

# Exhibit D-2

# GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Data Control		Nonmajor Internal Service Fund	
Codes		Insurance Fund	
	OPERATING REVENUES		
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	538,295
5020	Total Revenues	\$	538,295
	OPERATING EXPENSES		
6400	Other Operating Costs	\$	288,087
6030	Total Expenses	\$	288,087
1300	Change in Net Position	\$	250,208
0100	Net Position - Beginning (July 1)		703,184
3000	Net Position - Ending (June 30)	<u> </u>	953,392

# GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Nonmajor Internal Service Fund Insurance	
	Fund	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Cash Receipts from Quasi External Interfund Trasfers Cash Payments for Reinsurance and Administration Cash Payments for Claims	\$     538,296 (73,292) (517,568)	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$ (52,564)	
Cash Flows from Capital and Other Related Financing Activities:		
NONE		
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:		
NONE		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
NONE		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments	\$ (52,564)	
Cash and Investments - Beginning (July 1)	1,265,769	
Cash and Investments - Ending (June 30)	\$ 1,213,205	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 250,208	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Increase (Decrease) in Claims Payable	302,772	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$ (52,564)	

Exhibit E-1

# GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

		Priva	te-Purpose		
			Trust		Custodial
Data			Funds	Funds	
Control		Scl	Scholarship		Student
Codes	_	Funds			Activity
	ASSETS				
1110	Cash and Investments	\$	100,764	\$	118,746
1800	Restricted Assets		172,251		-
1000	Total Assets	\$	273,015	\$	118,746
	LIABILITIES				
	Current Liabilities:				
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-
2000	Total Liabilities	\$	<u> </u>	\$	-
	NET POSITION				
3800	Held in Trust	\$	273,015	\$	-
	Restricted for:				118,746
3900	Student Groups		-		
3000	Total Net Position	\$	273,015	\$	118,746

# GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds Scholarship Funds		 Custodial Funds Student Activity	
ADDITIONS				
Donations Investment Earnings - Interest Revenue Fundraising Activties	\$	6,053 9,031 -	\$ - - 177,564	
Total Additions	\$	15,084	\$ 177,564	
DEDUCTIONS				
Student Activities Benevolence	\$	-	\$ 152,015 -	
Total Deductions	\$	-	\$ 152,015	
Changes in Net Position	\$	15,084	\$ 25,549	
Net Position - Beginning (July 1)		257,931	 93,197	
Net Position - Ending (June 30)	<u>\$</u>	273,015	\$ 118,746	

# A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the Greenville Independent School District (District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (Guide)*. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees (Board), a seven member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and as a body corporate has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency (Agency) or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the Agency may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by GASB in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities.

- 2. Basis of Presentation Basis of Accounting
  - a. Basis of Presentation

*Government-wide Statements* – The statement of net position (SNA) and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities (SOA) presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

*Fund Financial Statements* – The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

# A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term Debt principal, interest and related costs.

Capital Projects Fund- This fund accounts for proceeds of long-term debt financing and revenues and expenditures related to authorized construction and other capital asset acquisitions. Upon completion of a project, any unused bond proceeds are transferred to the Debt Service Fund and are used to retire bond principal. Local funds set aside by the Board are also included and are restricted for future construction and improvement projects.

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds – The District accounts for resources restricted to or designated for specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a special revenue fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project years. The Board can commit specific types of resources to specific purposes which are included as special revenue funds.

Internal Service Funds – These funds are proprietary type funds. These funds are used to account for revenues and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the District. These funds facilitate distribution of support costs to the users of support services on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the internal services are the District's governmental activities, this fund type is included in the "Governmental Activities" column of the government-wide financial statements. The District uses internal service funds for self insured workers compensation activities.

Custodial Funds – These funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a custodial capacity. Custodial funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments

# b. Measurement Focus – Basis of Accounting

*Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements* – These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

*Governmental Fund Financial Statements* – Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

# A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# 3. Budgetary Data

The official budget was prepared for adoption for the general, food service and debt service funds. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- a. Prior to June 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning July 1.
- b. A meeting of the Board is called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget with public notice given at least 10 days prior to the meeting.
- c. Prior to the expenditure of funds, the budget is adopted by the Board.

After adoption, the budget may be amended through action by the Board. Budget amendments are approved at the functional expenditure level. All amendments are before the fact and reflected in the official minutes of the Board. Budgets are controlled at the function level by personnel responsible for organizational financial reporting. All budget appropriations lapse at the year end. Budget amendments throughout the year were not significant.

4. Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at June 30, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

End-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget are:

\$	-0-
	-0-
	-0-
<u>\$</u>	-0-
	\$  \$

5. Financial Statement Amounts

### Cash and Investments

The District pools cash resources of its various funds in order to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. The balance in the pooled accounts is available to meet current operating requirements. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various interest-bearing securities and disclosed as a part of the District's cash and temporary investments.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

# Fund Balance

Governmental funds utilize a fund balance presentation for equity. Fund balance is categorized as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned.

*Nonspendable fund balance* – represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaids) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

*Restricted fund balance* – represents amounts with external constraints placed on the use of these resources (such as debt covenants, grantors, other governments, etc.) or imposed by enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

*Committed fund balance* – represents amounts that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board. Committed resources cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specific use by taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

Assigned fund balance – represents amounts the District intends to use for specific purposes as expressed by the Board or an official delegated the authority. The Board has delegated the authority to assign fund balances to the Superintendent.

# A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Unassigned fund balance – represents the residual classification for the general fund or deficit balances in other funds.

In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, followed by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

The following schedule provides information about the specific fund balance classification by fund:

		_			Capital		Other		
	 General		Debt Service		Projects	Gc	vernemental	Total	
Nonspendable									
Inventory	\$ 7,242	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,242
Restricted									
Child Nutrition Program	-		-		-		1,367,138		1,367,138
Retirement of Long Term Debt	-		7,614,245		-		-		7,614,245
Capital Projects	-		-		9,614,638		-		9,614,638
Deaf Education SSA	-		-		-		644,042		644,042
Communities Texas Grant	-		-		-		63,128		63,128
Dyslexia and Autism Grant	-		-		-		20,841		20,841
Committed									
Campus Activity Funds	-		-		-		281,280		281,280
Future Deficit	1,158,851		381,342		-		-		1,540,193
Assigned									
Future Construction	2,000,000		-		-		-		2,000,000
Unassigned	20,488,024		-		-		-		20,488,024
Totals	\$ 23,654,117	\$	7,995,587	\$	9,614,638	\$	2,376,429	\$	43,640,771

# **Inventories**

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at cost using the weighted average method and are expensed when used. On fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are valued at cost. For all funds, cost is determined using the weighted average method, and are determined by physical count. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time of purchase. Reported inventories in these funds are equally offset by a fund balance reserve, which indicates they do not represent available spendable resources.

# Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect cost applicable to future accounting years and are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items are recorded as expenditures when the items are consumed or occur.

# Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$ 10,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Buildings and Improvements	15-50
Vehicles	5-10
Other Equipment	3-15

# Right of Use Assets and Liabilities

GASB Statement 87, *Leases* created new financial statement accounts "Right of Use" assets and similar offsetting liabilities. A "right of use" asset accounts for the net present value of future payments attached to a leased asset. Common examples of "Right of Use" assets are copiers, printers and other types of equipment that the District does not take ownership of but uses under the lease agreement. The assets value will be amortized over the life of the lease using a straight line method. The liability offsetting the "Right of Use" assets is presented as lease payable.

# A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

### Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)

GASB Statement 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements created new financial statement assets and offsetting liabilities. A SBITA asset accounts for the net present value of future payments required for right of use subscription assets. To the extent relevant, the standards for SIBTA's are based on the standards established by GASB Statement 87, Leases. A SBITA is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right of use of another party's information technology (software) as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The asset will be amortized over the life of the contract allowing the use of the information technology over a straight line method. The asset is included in the financial statement caption right of use asset with the offsetting liability identified as SBITA payable.

### Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues include state funds received but have not been earned in the year. The balance will be earned in the future year and not returned as liabilities.

### 6. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The District implemented GASB Statement Number 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement Number 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits and Other Pensions. In addition to assets and liabilities, the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental fund Balance Sheet report separate sections for deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future year and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent the acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future year and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District reports certain deferred inflows and outflows related to pensions on the government-wide Statement of Net Position. At the governmental fund level, earned but unavailable revenue is reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

The District also implemented GASB Statement Number 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*, which amends the transition provisions of GASB 68. GASB 71 requires that, at transition, governments recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resource for pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning Net Pension Liability. Implementation is reflected in the financial statements and the prior year adjustment.

# 7. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

8. Interfund Activities

Interfund activity results from loans, service provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfer" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

9. Vacation, Sick Leave, and Other Compensated Absences

District employees are entitled to certain compensated absences based on their length of employment. Sick leave accrues at various rates established by the State and adopted by the Board of Trustees. Sick leave vests, accumulates, and is recorded as expense as it is incurred. Sick leave is paid upon separation from the District.

# A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

10. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) and additions to/ deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expenses, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit term. There are no investments as this a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

12. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could vary from these estimates.

13. New Accounting Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued various new accounting standards to better meet the information needed for users of financial statements by improving accounting and financial reporting. The GASB does this by issuing statements that cover various issues identified as needing additional clarification or direction to maintain standardization and comparability of financial information. During the year, the GASB issued no new standards. The following statements with varying effective dates noted are to be implemented in the coming periods:

Statement 99: *Omnibus 2023* (Effective upon issuance with some effective FY beginning after June 15, 2023)

Statement 100: Accounting Changes and Error Corrections (Effective FY beginning after June 15, 2023)

Statement 101: Compensated Absences (Effective FY beginning after December 15, 2023)

# 14. Data Control Codes

Data control codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by the Agency in the *Guide*. The Agency requires the District to display these codes in its financial statements filed with the Agency in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

# 15. Accounting System

In accordance with Texas Education Code, Chapter 44, Subchapter A, the District adopted and implemented an accounting system which at least meets the minimum requirements prescribed by the State Board of Education and approved by the State Auditor. The District's accounting system uses codes and the code structure presented in the accounting code section of the *Guide*. Mandatory codes are utilized in the form provided in that section.

# B. Deposits, Securities and Investments

### Cash Deposits

The District's funds are deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The contract requires the depository to pledge approved securities in an amount significant to protect the District's day-to-day balances. The pledge is waived only to the extent of the dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance District (FDIC) insurance. At year end, all District cash deposits appear to have been adequately covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District or the depository in the District's name. The District's deposits appear to have been properly secured throughout the year.

### Investments

The District's investment policies and types of investments are governed by the Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA). The Act requires specific training, reporting and establishment of local policies. The District appears to be in compliance with all the requirements of the Act.

The PFIA (Government Code Chapter 256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires a governmental entity to adopt, implement and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversifications, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk level, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the state maturity date of portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preference for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) banker's acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment policies and types of investments.

The District's management believes that it complies with the requirements of the PFIA and the District's investment policies.

District investments include investments in Certificates of Deposit, Lone Star Investment Pool, Texas CLASS and Municipal Bonds with TD Ameritrade. All investments are reported at fair value and are presented as cash and investments.

The following table lists the District's investments at year end:

	at you	- ond.	Weighted	
		Fair Value/ oritized Costs	Average Maturity (Days)	Credit Rating
Governmental Activities				
Investments:				
Money Market (Depository)	\$	4,415,420		
Lone Star Investment Pool		27,994,829	27	
Texas CLASS		2,664,561	38	
Certificates of Deposit		250,000	N/A	
TD Ameritrade		1,205,665	N/A	Aaa
Total	\$	36,530,475		

### Lone Star Investment Pool

The Lone Star Investment Pool (Lone Star) is a public funds investment pool created pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 791, and the PFIA, Texas Government Code, Chapter 2256. Lone Star is administered by First Public, a subsidiary of the Texas Association of School Boards (TASB), with Standish and American Beacon Advisors managing the investment and reinvestment of Lone Star's assets. State Street Bank provides custody and valuation services to Lone Star. All of the board of trustees' eleven members are Lone Star participants by either being employees or elected officials of a participant. Lone Star has established an advisory board composed of both pool members and non-members. Lone Star is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. Lone Star has no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals. The District is invested in the Corporate Overnight Plus Fund of Lone Star. Lone Star has a different funds: Government Overnight, Corporate Overnight and Corporate Overnight Plus. Government and Corporate Overnight maintain a net asset value of one dollar and the Corporate Overnight Plus maintains a net Asset value of 50 cents. The Government Overnight and Corporate Overnight Funds value all investments at amortized cost and are operated in accordance with GASB 79. The Corporate Overnight Plus Fund values all investments at fair value and is operated in accordance with GASB 72.

# B. Deposits, Securities and Investments (Continued)

### Texas CLASS

In accordance with FASB guidance, Texas CLASS utilizes ASC "Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure" to define fair value, establish a framework for measuring fair value, and expand disclosure requirements regarding fair value measurements. ASC 820 does not require new fair value measurements, but is applied to the extent that other accounting pronouncements require or permit fair value measurements. This standard emphasizes what participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. Various inputs are used in determining the value of Texas CLASS's portfolio investments defined pursuant to this standard. All investments are categorized as Level 2 for the fair value hierarchy. Level 2 inputs are prices determined using other significant observable inputs. Observable inputs are inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing a security and are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity.

### TD Ameritrade

The District's investments with TD Ameritrade consists of certificates of deposits, municipal bonds, and FHLB-agency bonds. The municipal bonds are categorized as Level 2 for the fair value hierarchy. The fair value is obtained via a pricing method used by Bloomberg Professional Services whereby bonds with similar credit qualities, coupons, maturities, state locations, etc. are used to obtain a value for the portfolio bonds, as many of the bonds do not trade on a regular basis.

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

### a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

### b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Districts' name. At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

The largest combined balances of cash, saving and time deposit accounts amounted to \$ 11,966,292 and occurred in January 2023. The market value of bonds or other securities used to secure cash on the date of the highest combined cash balance was \$ 33,964,029. The total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of the highest combined balance was \$ 500,000. American National Bank of Texas, Terrell, Texas, is the District's depository.

# c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

### d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. District investments are limited to short term maturities to limit any potential interest rate risk. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

### e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. State statutes do not allow for foreign investments this eliminating foreign currency rate risk. The District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

# B. Deposits, Securities and Investments (Continued)

### f. Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or equivalent) as practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements require judgement and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

### C. <u>Property Taxes</u>

Property taxes are levied by October 1, in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the October 1 levy date. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year.

Property taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectibles within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Section 33.05, Property Tax Code, requires the tax collector for the District to cancel and remove from the delinquent tax rolls a tax on real property that has been delinquent for more than 20 years or a tax on personal property that has been delinquent for more than 10 years. Delinquent taxes meeting these criteria may not be canceled if litigation concerning these taxes is pending.

The District levied taxes on property within the District at \$ 0.8820 to fund general operations and \$ 0.238481 for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt. The rates were levied on property assessed totaling \$ 2,979,931,565. The District contracts with a tax attorney for the collection of all delinquent taxes. Delinquent taxes are subject to both penalty and interest plus a 20% delinquent tax attorney collection fee.

# D. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activities during the year were as follows:

	Beginning		_	Ending
	 Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,607,652	\$ -	\$ 15,000	\$ 1,592,652
Construction in Progress	 4,152,620	1,599,066	2,524,894	3,226,792
Total Capital Assets not being depreciated	\$ 5,760,272	\$ 1,599,066	\$ 2,539,894	\$ 4,819,444
Capital Assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 140,723,115	\$ 2,555,844	\$ 1,735,114	\$ 141,543,845
Vehicles	5,652,265	767,080	413,934	6,005,411
Equipment	4,718,288	1,404,689	-	6,122,977
Right of Use Lease Assets	 906,395	278,390	-	1,184,785
Total Capital Assets being depreciated	\$ 152,000,063	\$ 5,006,003	\$ 2,149,048	\$ 154,857,018
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 61,331,272	\$ 3,711,176	\$ 1,735,114	\$ 63,307,334
Vehicles	4,094,931	306,803	413,934	3,987,800
Equipment	3,754,033	228,390	-	3,982,423
Right of Use Lease Assets	 43,436	284,036	-	327,472
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 69,223,672	\$ 4,530,405	\$ 2,149,048	\$ 71,605,029
Total Capital Assets being depreciated, net	\$ 82,776,391	\$ 475,598	\$ -	\$ 83,251,989
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 88,536,663	\$ 2,074,664	\$ 2,539,894	\$ 88,071,433

# D. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation and amortization was charged to governmental activities functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 3,173,475
Instructional Resources and Media Services	71,076
School Leadership	48,654
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	17,629
Health Services	19,297
Student (Pupil) Transportation	261,547
Food Services	228,031
Co-curricular/Extracurricular Activities	408,308
General Administration	14,495
Plant Maintenance and Operations	244,042
Security and Monitoring Services	38,156
Data Processing	 5,695
Total	\$ 4,530,405

# E. Long-term Obligations

### Long-term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligation activities during the year were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:	 Dalantoo	 	 200.00000	 Balance	
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 69,675,000	\$ -	\$ 1,550,000	\$ 68,125,000	\$ 2,440,000
Direct Borrowings Payable	1,137,380	8,362,520	286,434	9,213,466	352,055
Right of Use Lease Payable	657,496	278,390	287,530	648,356	273,073
Accreted Interest Payable	3,355,214	24,786	3,380,000	-	-
Bond Premium (Discount)	7,266,744	322,457	540,910	7,048,291	-
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 82,091,834	\$ 8,988,153	\$ 6,044,874	\$ 85,035,113	\$ 3,065,128

# <u>Bonds</u>

The District has issued various series of general obligation bonds to fund facility construction and improvements. Bonds mature at various times with varying rates of interest. The bonds issued require the District to levy an ad valorem tax annually to retire the current maturities. The District is required to make semi-annual interest payments along with annual principal payments.

The following bonded debt issues are outstanding at year end:

Description	Interest Rate	Original Amount	Outstanding Balance
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2011	2.960%	\$ 1,505,000	\$ 455,000
Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2014	3.254%	64,315,000	110,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2016	1.562%	13,230,000	5,965,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2020	2.147%	62,535,000	 61,595,000
Totals			\$ 68,125,000

Maturity requirements on bonded debt at year end are as follows:

June 30	 Principal	Interest	Requirements		
2024	\$ 2,440,000	\$ 1,498,945	\$	3,938,945	
2025	2,520,000	1,413,323		3,933,323	
2026	2,615,000	1,326,535		3,941,535	
2027	4,515,000	1,233,909		5,748,909	
2028	2,830,000	1,160,765		3,990,765	
2029-2033	14,815,000	3,167,874		17,982,874	
2034-2038	16,250,000	3,783,335		20,033,335	
2039-2043	18,215,000	1,869,397		20,084,397	
2044-2048	 3,925,000	98,321		4,023,321	
Totals	\$ 68,125,000	\$ 15,552,404	\$	83,677,404	

### E. Long-term Obligations (Continued)

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indentures. The District appears to be in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions as of year end.

### **Direct Borrowings**

The District issued various agreements identified here as direct borrowings. Direct borrowings include loans, leases that transfer ownership, maintenance tax notes and other financing arrangements.

The terms included in the agreements require annual payments of principal and interest at the rate presented below. Generally, the terms are for a maximum of 10 years with some agreements less. All agreements will mature and be retired before the 2034 fiscal period.

The following schedule lists personal property acquired through direct borrowings:

Description	Interest Date	Agreement Date	Original Amount	С	outstanding Balance
Maintenance Tax Notes, Series 2010	5.46%	10/15/2010	\$ 3,050,000	\$	605,000
American National Bank - Buses	3.50%	8/25/2020	395,971		245,946
American National Bank - Buses	6.586%	1/27/2023	487,520		487,520
Maintenance Tax Notes - Series 2023	4.00%	6/22/2023	7,875,000		7,875,000
Totals				\$	9,213,466

### Maturity requirement on the direct borrowings at year end are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal			Interest	Total Requirements			
2024	\$	352,055	\$	366,770	\$	718,825		
2025 2026		341,213 928.041		367,680 349,933		708,893 1,277,974		
2027		957,340		311,370		1,268,710		
2028		996,775		271,335		1,268,110		
2029-2033		5,638,042		700,979		6,339,021		
Totals	\$	9,213,466	\$	2,368,067	\$	11,581,533		

### Right of Use Leases

The District executed various agreements identified here as leases. Leases are obligations that represent the net present value of the obligations to be paid over a specified term and do not transfer ownership.

The District executed agreements for the use of copiers at various locations throughout the District. The various agreements require monthly payments over the term of the agreement. The lease obligations incur an implicit rate of interest as noted below. The detailed schedule of the life and outstanding lease obligations are presented below:

	Interest	Agreement			Original Property	O	utstanding	
Description	Date	Date	Term	Value		Balance		
Xerox Financial - Copiers	11.75%	8/5/2022	48 Months	\$	278,390	\$	223,386	
Insight Investments - Chromebooks	3.10%	6/1/2022	3 years		866,467		424,970	
Totals						\$	648,356	

# E. Long-term Obligations (Continued)

Maturity requirements on right of use leases at period end are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	 Principal	Interest	R	Total equirements
2024 2025 2026 2027	\$ 273,073 287,478 80,649 7,156	\$ 36,059 21,654 6,065 70	\$	309,132 309,132 86,714 7,226
Totals	\$ 648,356	\$ 63,848	\$	712,204

# F. Defined Benefits Pension Plan

### 1. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard workload and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

# 2. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report(ACFR) that includes financial statements and required information. That report may be obtained on the internet at <a href="http://www.trs.texas.gov/pages/about publications.aspx">http://www.trs.texas.gov/pages/about publications.aspx</a>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592. The information provided in the Notes to the Financial Statements in the 2022 ACFR for TRS provides the following information regarding the Pension Plan fiduciary net position as of August 31, 2022, and 2021.

Net Pension Liability	 2022	 2021
Total Pension Liability Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 243,553,045,455 (184,185,617,196)	\$ 227,273,463,630 (201,807,002,496)
Net Pension Liabilty	\$ 59,367,428,259	\$ 25,466,461,134
Net Position as percentage of Total Pension Liability	75.62%	88.79%

### 3. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (1) above.

# F. Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)

Texas Government Code Section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in the manner are determined by the TRS's actuary.

### 4. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code, Section 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86<sup>th</sup> Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code Section 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

Contribution Rates						
	2022		2023			
Member	8.00%		8.00%			
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	7.75%		8.00%			
Employers	7.75%		8.00%			
Current Year Employer Contributions		\$	1,803,120			
Current Year Member Contributions		\$	3,247,150			
Measurement Year NECE On-Behalf Contributions		\$	1,772,937			

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas (State) as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers including public schools are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to:

- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- A Public Education Employer contribution surcharge of 1.7% of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2022, gradually increasing to 2% in fiscal year 2025 on all covered payroll.

# F. Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)

### 5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2021 rolled forward to August 31, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value
Single Discount Rate	7.00%
Long-term expected Investment Rate	7.00%
Municipal Bond Rate as of August 31, 2022	3.91% - The source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market Data/Vield Curve?Data Municipal Bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federal tax-exempt municipla bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index"
Last year ending August 31 in Projection Period	
(100 years)	2121
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases including inflation	2.95% to 8.95% including inflation
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2021. For full description of these assumption please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 12, 2021.

### Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50% of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55% of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00 percent. The long-term expected rate of return on pension pan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2022 are summarized on the next page:

# F. Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)

	Target Allocation	Long -Term Expected Geometric Real	Expected Contribution to Long- Term Portfolio
Asset Class*	%**	Rate of Return***	Returns
Global Equity	40.000/	4.000/	4.400/
USA	18.00%	4.60%	1.12%
Non-US Developed	13.00%	4.90%	0.90%
Emerging Markets	9.00%	5.40%	0.75%
Private Equity	14.00%	7.70%	1.55%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16.00%	1.00%	0.2%
Absolute Return	0.00%	3.70%	0.00%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.00%	3.40%	0.2%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15.00%	4.10%	0.94%
Energy, Natural Resources & Infrastructure	6.00%	5.10%	0.37%
Commodities	0.00%	3.60%	0.0%
Risk Parity	8.00%	4.60%	0.43%
Asset Allocation Leverage			
Cash	2.00%	3.00%	0.01%
Asset Allocation Leverage	(6.00%)	3.60%	(0.05%)
Inflation Expectation			2.70%
Volatility Drag****			(0.91%)
Expected Return	100%		8.19%

\* Absolute Return includes Credit Sensitive Investments.

\*\* Target allocations are based on the FY2022 policy model.

\*\*\* Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 8/31/2022)

\*\*\*\* The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

### 6. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the District's share of the net pension liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.00% as well as what the District's share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 - percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1 - percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	34,462,181	\$	22,153,329	\$	12,176,427

### 7. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At year end, the District reported a liability of \$ 22,153,329 for its proportionate share of the System's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$	22,153,329
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District		22,556,374
	-	
Total	\$	44,709,703

# F. Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2021 and rolled to August 31, 2022 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contribution to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2021 thru August 31, 2022.

At August 31, 2022, the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0160991571%, which was an increase of 0.002618321% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2021.

### Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The actuarial assumptions and methods have been modified since the determination of the prior year's Net Pension Liability. These new assumptions were adopted in conjunction with an actuarial experience study. The primary assumption change was the lowering of the single discount rate from 7.25% to 7.00%.

### Pension Expense

For the current year, the District recognized pension expense of \$ 5,029,502 and revenue of \$ 2,156,134 for support provided by the State.

The District reported its proportionate share of the system's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources at year end:

	 rred Outflows Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences	\$ 321,221	\$ 482,985		
Changes of actuarial assumptions	4,127,886	1,028,785		
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings Changes in proportion and differences between the employer's	2,188,678	-		
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	 3,845,043	 428,681		
Total as of August 31, 2022 measurement date	\$ 10,482,828	\$ 1,940,451		
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	 1,537,288	 		
Total at fiscal year end	\$ 12,020,116	\$ 1,940,451		

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	 Amount
2024	\$ 2,045,897
2025	1,401,415
2026	911,309
2027	3,295,949
2028	887,809
Thereafter	(2)

# G. Other Post-Employment Defined Benefit Plans

# 1. Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group health insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed un Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

# 2. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail Information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required information. That report may be obtained on the internet at <u>http://www.trs.texas.gov/pages/about publications.aspx</u>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

The components of the Net OPEB Liability of the TRS-Care plan as of August 31, 2022, and 2021 are as follows:

Net OPEB Liability	2022			2021		
Total OPEB Liability Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	27,061,942,520 (3,117,937,218)	\$	41,113,711,083 (2,539,242,470)		
Net OPEB Liability	\$	23,944,005,302	\$	38,574,468,613		
Net Position as percentage of Total OPEB Liability		11.52%		6.18%		

# 3. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage (TRS-Care 1), at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The TRS Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are presented in the table below:

TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates							
	Medicare	Non Medicare					
Retiree or Surviving Spouse Retiree and Spouse Retiree or Surviving Spouse and Children Retiree and Family	\$ 135 529 468 1,020	\$ 200 689 408 999					

# 4. Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a payas-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of Trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

# G. Other Post-Employment Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

Texas Insurance Code, Section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer (public school) contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the employer. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the State Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contribution rates and amounts provided to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

### **Contribution Rates**

	2022	 2023
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/Private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%
Current Year Employer Contributions		\$ 403,555
Current Year Member Contributions		\$ 263,830
Measurement Year NECE On-Behalf Contributions		\$ 490,785

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS-Care OPEB program). When employers hire a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay TRS-Care a monthly surcharge of \$ 535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$ 83 million in fiscal year 2022 from the Federal Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) to help defray Covid-19 related health care costs during fiscal year 2022.

# 5. Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2021. Updated procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to August 31, 2022. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions.

The actuarial valuation of TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, rates of retirement, termination, and disability including general inflation and salary increases are identical to those used in the respective TRS Pension valuation. These assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the measurement period ended August 31, 2017. The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2021 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2022:

Rates of Mortality	General Inflation
Rates of Retirement	Wage Inflation
Rates of Termination	Salary Increases
Rates of Disability	-

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females with full generational mortality using scale BB. The past retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently published scale (U-MP).

# G. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (Continued)

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date

Actuarial Cost Method Inflation Discount Rate Aging Factors Expenses

Salary Increases

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes

August 31, 2021 rolled forward to August 31, 2022 Individual Entry Age Normal 2.30% 3.91% as of August 31, 2022 Based on plan specific experience Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the ageadjusted claims costs. 3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation None

# Health Care Trend Rates

The initial medical trend rates were 8.25% for Medicare retirees and 7.25% for Non-Medicare retirees. There was an initial prescription drug trend rate of 8.25% for all retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25% over a period of 13 years.

# Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 3.91% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was an increase of 1.96% in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutory required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was used for the long-term rate of return and was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB Liability.

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31. 2021 using the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federal tax-exempt municipal bonds.

# 6. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if the discount rate used was 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (3.91%) in measuring the net OPEB liability as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate of 1% less than the rate used.

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 13,829,428	\$ 11,729,006	\$ 10,027,394		

# 7. Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate (8.25%), as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate.

	Current Healthcare					
	1% Decrease	Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase			
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 9,664,754	\$ 11,729,006	\$ 14,405,043			

# G. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (Continued)

8. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$ 11,729,006 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 11,729,006
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	 14,307,544
Total	\$ 26,036,550

The net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2021 and rolled forward to August 31, 2022 and the total OPEB Liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2021 thru August 31, 2022.

At year end, the District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0489851457%, which was an increase of 0.0098842243% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2021.

# Change Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changed to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

• The discount rate changed from 1.95% as of August 31, 2021 to 3.91% as pf August 31, 2022. This change decreased the Total OPEB Liability.

Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

# **OPEB** Expense

The amount of OPEB expense recognized by the District in the reporting period was \$ (3,327,236) and revenue of \$ (2,030,356) for support provided by the State.

The District reported its proportionate share of TRS-Care's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources at year:

	 rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences Changes in actuarial assumptions Differences between projected and actual investment earnings Changes in proportion and differences between the employer's	\$ 652,091 1,786,560 34,937	\$	9,771,315 8,148,616 -		
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	 5,360,228		1,949,366		
Total as of August 31, 2022 measurement date	\$ 7,833,816	\$	19,869,297		
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	 341,341		-		
Total at fiscal year end	\$ 8,175,157	\$	19,869,297		

# G. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (Continued)

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expenses as follows:

Year Ending		
June 30	Amount	
2024	\$ (2,570,	135)
2025	(2,570,	008)
2026	(2,072,	622)
2027	(1,399,	246)
2028	(1,623,	356)
Thereafter	(1,800,	114)

### H. <u>Medicare Part D Coverage</u>

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003 established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. Under Medicare Part D, TRS-Care receives retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the years ended June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$ 222,900, \$ 162,693 and \$ 151,098 respectively. These payments are recorded as equal revenues and expenditures in the governmental funds financial statement of the District.

### I. <u>Risk Management</u>

### Health Care

During the year, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$ 325 per month per employee and employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to provide dependents coverage under the Plan. All premiums were paid to a licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the District and Blue Cross Blue Shield of Texas is renewable September 1 of each year and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

Latest financial statements for Blue Cross Blue Shield of Texas are available for the year ended December 31, 2022 and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records

### Workers Compensation

The District participates in the East Texas Educational Insurance Association Workers Compensation Self Insurance Joint Fund. The District is partially self-funded to a loss fund maximum of \$ 392,770 for the 22-23 fiscal year. Additionally, the District incurred fixed costs of \$ 73,292 for their share of claims administration, loss control, record keeping, and cost of excess insurance.

Claims administration is provided by Claims Administrative Services, Inc. Reinsurance is provided for aggregate claim losses exceeding \$ 225,000. The fixed cost charge is based on total payroll paid by the District. Increases or decreases in the fixed costs will adjust subsequent year charges.

The accrued liability for workers' compensation self-insurance of \$ 259,496 includes \$ 182,287 of incurred but not reported claims. This liability is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues," which require that a liability for claims be reported if information indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. The liability recorded is an undiscounted actuarial calculation.

# I. Risk Management (Continued)

Changes in the workers' compensation claims liability amounts in the years of 2023 and 2022 are represented below:

	 2023	 2022
Beginning Claims Liability Claims Incurred (Reduced) Claims Payments	\$ 99,007 377,717 (217,238)	\$ - 141,449 (42,442)
Ending Claims Liablitiy	\$ 259,486	\$ 99,007

### Unemployment Compensation Pool

During the current year, the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute interlocal agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued each month until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for Unemployment Compensation pool.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2021 are available at the TASB offices and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

# Other Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the fiscal year, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover these liabilities. There were not significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

J. <u>Litigation</u>

The District appears to have no pending litigation as of June 30, 2023.

# K. <u>Commitments and Contingencies</u>

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at year end, may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

The effects of the coronavirus-19 (COVID-19) pandemic continues to affect the District's operations including funding for student attendance and operating programs and cost. Continued funding allowances including additional federal funding will cease in future periods. The operational costs associated with these additional revenues will be evaluated along with the need for these services. The cost of the additional federal funded programs may exceed the available resources and require the District to either eliminate or curtail their existence.

The District approved a section 313 agreement to provide a tax abatement to a potential business locating in the District. The agreement has been extended beyond its original expiration date, but no development has occurred. When fully complete, the District will grant an abatement to the entity. No potential financial impact can be determined at this date.

# L. Shared Service Arrangements

The District participates in cooperative programs with other local districts. The District does not account for revenue or expenditures of these programs and does not disclose them in these financial statements.

Shared Service Agreement	Fiscal Agent	Service	
Regional Day School for the Deaf	Greenville Independent School District	Deaf Education	
Block Grant SSA	Education Service Center, Region X	ESSA Title II ESSA Title VI ESSA Title III	

### M. <u>Revenue from Local and Intermediate Sources</u>

During the year, the District received revenue from local and intermediate in the District's major funds and aggregate non major funds consisting of the following:

	 General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Go	Other vernmental	Total
Property Tax Collections	\$ 30,731,793	\$ 8,456,561	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 39,188,354
Investment Income	786,944	205,264	110,047		43	1,102,298
Tuition and Fees	22,200	-	-		-	22,200
Food Service Income	-	-	-		322,601	322,601
Gifts and Bequest	-	-	-		76,125	76,125
Services to Other Districts	-	-	-		84,473	84,473
Co-curricular Activities	106,109	-	-		316,699	422,808
Other	 550,155	-	-		-	550,155
Totals	\$ 32,197,201	\$ 8,661,825	\$ 110,047	\$	799,941	\$ 41,769,014

# N. <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables at year end, for the District's individual major funds and aggregate nonmajor funds, including any applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

	 General	Debt Service	Capital Projects		Gov	Other /ernmental	Total
Due from Other Governments Property Taxes Less Allowance for Uncollectible	\$ 2,058,863 2,224,291	\$ - \$ 544,569		-	\$	5,540,764 \$ -	7,599,627 2,768,860
Property Taxes	 (222,429)	(54,457)		-		-	(276,886)
Net Receivables	\$ 4,060,725	\$ 490,112 \$		-	\$	5,540,764 \$	10,091,601

# O. <u>Subsequent Events</u>

Management has evaluated all events or transactions that occurred after June 30, 2023 up through November 9, 2023, the date the financial statements were issued.

### P. <u>State Aid Reconciliation</u>

The State provides various types of funding for local school districts as provided for in state statute. The following reconciliation presents funding earned by the District in each category presented. Because of the State's delay in reconciling the funding to local districts, the summary below represents an estimate of earnings. The settle up with the State will occur some 9 to 10 months following the fiscal year end.

# P. <u>State Aid Reconciliation (Continued)</u>

Funding is earned for: 1) Available – annual allocation based on prior year enrollment; 2) Foundation – annual allocation based on student attendance, property tax collections and valuations, and special student population; 3) Instructional Facilities Allotment – based on property wealth; and 4) Existing Debt Allotment – based on eligible debt, student attendance and property wealth. Various other sources are received but not reconciled here as these are the major sources of funding.

	 Available	 Foundation	 IFA	EDA		
CY Summary of Finances (SOF) Prior Year Settle Ups	\$ 3,006,781	\$ 14,634,973 374,259	 Not Eligible	\$	228,002	
Financial Statement Earnings	\$ 3,006,781	\$ 15,009,232	\$ 	\$	228,002	
Financial Statement Amounts Receivables - Scheduled Payments Settle Up Amounts Receivable (Overpayments)	\$ 594,853 -	\$ 2,866,798	\$ -	\$	- (53,329)	
Net Receivable (Unearned Revenue)	\$ 594,853	\$ 1,463,955	\$ 	\$	(53,329)	

\* Overpayments are represented in the financial statements as Unearned Revenue (government-wide and governmental).

# Q. Interfund Balances and Activities

### Transfers Between Funds

Transfers between funds during the year consisted of the following:

Transfers From	Transfers To	Amount		Reason	
General Fund	Child Nutrition Fund	\$	107,904	Cover unpaid charges	
	Total	\$	107,904		

### R. <u>Compliance, Stewardship, and Accountability</u>

### Expenditures over Appropriations

The following individual funds incurred expenditures more than appropriations at functional expenditure levels.

	 Budget		Actual	Excess			
General Fund							
Instructional Leadership	\$ 910,973	\$	929,249	\$	18,276		
Social Work Services	81,739		83,373		1,634		
Food Services	-		94		94		
Secuirty & Monitoring	1,324,416		1,395,295		70,879		
Debt Service	395,000		650,666		255,666		
Child Nutrition Fund					-		
Food Services	4,725,486		4,760,194		34,708		

# S. Change in Accounting Principle

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, with an effective date of fiscal year beginning after June 15, 2022 This required the District to implement the provisions of the Statement during the year. The Statement requires the recognition of longer than 12 month agreements to utilize other types of subscription based technology As such there are new financial statement captions on the government wide financial statements. For the fund financial statements, the net present value of the payments is recognized as an expenditure in the initial year of the agreement with subsequent payments represented as debt retirement payments. The Statement requires retroactive restatement of assets and liabilities with the difference modifying the beginning net position.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Data Control			Budgeted	d Amoi				Fi	ariance with nal Budget Positive
Codes			Original		Final		Actual	(	Negative)
	REVENUES								
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	32,875,436	\$	32,935,829	\$	32,197,200	\$	(738,629
5800	State Program Revenues	Ψ	19,048,170	Ψ	20,904,190	Ψ	20,492,071	Ψ	(412,119
5900	Federal Program Revenues		950,000		950,000		1,826,888		876,888
3900	rederal Flogram Revenues		930,000		930,000		1,020,000		070,000
5020	Total Revenues	\$	52,873,606	\$	54,790,019	\$	54,516,159	\$	(273,860
	EXPENDITURES								
	Instruction and Instructional Related Services:								
0011	Instruction	\$	28,413,201	\$	28,526,928	\$	25,244,695	\$	3,282,233
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		64,283		64,283		32,970		31,313
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		1,235,422		1,235,932		932,924		303,008
	Total Instruction and Instr. Related Services	\$	29,712,906	\$	29,827,143	\$	26,210,589	\$	3,616,554
								-	
	Instructional and School Leadership:								
0021	Instructional Leadership	\$	910,973	\$	910,973	\$	929,249	\$	(18,276
	School Leadership	•	3,609,211	•	3,608,719	•	3,205,444	•	403,275
0020	Total Instructional and School Leadership	\$	4,520,184	\$	4,519,692	\$	4,134,693	\$	384,999
	Total instructional and School Leadership	Ψ	4,520,104	Ψ	4,010,002	Ψ	4,134,033	Ψ	304,333
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):								
0021	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	\$	1 887 027	\$	2,157,937	\$	2 144 070	\$	13,858
	Social Work Services	Ф	1,887,937 81,739	φ		Φ	2,144,079 83.373	Φ	
			-		81,739		/		(1,634
	Health Services		534,467		583,779		539,150		44,629
0034	Student Transportation		1,894,508		2,622,028		2,585,716		36,312
0035	Food Service		-		-		94		(94
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		1,939,080		1,939,988		1,851,631		88,357
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	\$	6,337,731	\$	7,385,471	\$	7,204,043	\$	181,428
	Administrative Support Services:								
0041	General Administration	\$	2,850,247	\$	2,865,177	\$	2,441,327	\$	423,850
	Total Administrative Support Services	\$	2,850,247	\$	2,865,177	\$	2,441,327	\$	423,850
	Support Services - Nonstudent Based:								
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	\$	6,208,672	\$	6,685,740	\$	6,373,772	\$	311,968
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		1,324,416		1,324,416		1,395,295		(70,879
0053	Data Processing Services		2,756,581		3,185,509		2,744,153		441,356
	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	\$	10,289,669	\$	11,195,665	\$	10,513,220	\$	682,445
	Ancillary Services:								
0061	Community Services	\$	82,078	\$	82,078	\$	63,631	\$	18,447
	Total Ancillary Services	\$	82,078	\$	82,078	\$	63,631	\$	18,447
	Debt Service:								
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt	\$	324,500	\$	324,500	\$	560,517	\$	(236,017
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt		69,000		69,000		81,468		(12,468
0073	Debt Issuance Costs and Fees		1,500		1,500		8,681		(7,181
	Total Debt Service	\$	395,000	\$	395,000	\$	650,666	\$	(255,666
	Capital Outlay:								
0081	Capital Outlay	\$	-	\$	4,400,000	\$	4,114,555	\$	285,445
	Total Capital Outlay	\$	-	\$	4,400,000	\$	4,114,555	\$	285,445
	Intergovernmental Charges:								
0093	Payments for Shared Service Arrangements	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$	100	\$	149,900
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		745,006		745,006		729,469		15,537
	Total Intergovernmental Charges	\$	895,006	\$	895,006	\$	729,569	\$	165,437
6030	Total Expenditures	\$	55,082,821	\$	61,565,232	\$	56,062,293	\$	5,502,939
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	(2,209,215)	\$	(6,775,213)	\$	(1,546,134)	\$	5,229,079
		<u> </u>	(_,,)	<u> </u>	(0,000,000,000)	<u> </u>	(.,,	<u> </u>	-,,
76.1-	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-		-		•	<b>~~~</b>	•	
7913	Right of Use Lease Proceeds	\$	-	\$	-	\$	278,390	\$	278,390
7914	Non-Current Debt		-		-		487,520		487,520
8911	Transfers Out		-		-		(107,904)		(107,904
	Net Other Financial Sources (Uses)	\$	-	\$		\$	658,006	\$	658,006
	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(2,209,215)	\$	(6,775,213)	\$	(888,128)	\$	5,887,085
1200					,				
	-		24 542 245		24 542 245		24 542 245		
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning (July 1)		24,542,245 <b>22,333,030</b>		24,542,245 <b>17,767,032</b>	\$	24,542,245 23,654,117	\$	5,887,085

#### GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		2022*		2021*		2020*		2019*		2018*		2017*	_	2016*	_	2015*	_	2014*
District's proportion of the net pension liability	(	.0373156289%	0	.0273136190%	0	.0267420915%	0	.0281124891%	0.	0276034382%	0.0	289254973%	0.	0289072966%	0.	0289191000%	0	.0188226000%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	22,153,329	\$	6,955,812	\$	14,322,519	\$	14,613,751	\$	15,193,602	\$	9,248,816	\$	10,923,638	\$	10,222,517	\$	5,027,777
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District		22,556,374		11,170,232		25,093,476		22,607,271		29,110,475		16,695,163		18,501,144		17,084,658	_	14,915,939
Total	\$	44,709,703	\$	18,126,044	\$	39,415,995	\$	37,221,022	\$	44,304,077	\$	25,943,979	\$	29,424,782	\$	27,307,175	\$	19,943,716
District's covered-employee payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$	38,446,292	\$	34,045,210	\$	34,265,161	\$	31,227,761	\$	33,394,485	\$	32,430,857	\$	29,982,493	\$	27,792,451	\$	27,286,099
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		57.62%		20.43%		41.80%		46.80%		45.50%		28.52%		36.43%		36.78%		18.43%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		75.62%		88.79%		75.54%		75.24%		73.74%		82.17%		78.00%		78.43%		83.25%

Note: Only nine years of data is presented in accordance with GASB 68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

\* The years above present data for the measurement period ending date. The measurement period represents the period for which the pensions plan prepares its reports which provides a 10 month delay for financial reporting in accordance with GASB 68.

Exhibit G-2

#### GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	 2023	_	2022	 2021	 2020	_	2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	_	2015	_
Contractually required contributions	\$ 1,803,120	\$	1,563,416	\$ 1,019,695	\$ 1,096,974	\$	968,175	\$ 929,825	\$ 947,927	\$ 918,458	\$	856,308	\$
Contributions in relations to the contractual required contributions	 (1,803,120)		(1,563,416)	 (1,019,695)	 (1,096,974)		(968,175)	 (929,825)	 (947,927)	 (918,458)		(856,308	i)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 40,589,397	\$	38,098,418	\$ 33,527,586	\$ 33,930,886	\$	31,297,945	\$ 33,394,485	\$ 32,430,857	\$ 29,982,493	\$	27,792,451	
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	4.44%		4.10%	3.04%	3.23%		3.09%	2.78%	2.92%	3.06%		3.08%	6

Note: Only nine years of data is presented in accordance with GASB 68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

Exhibit G-3

#### GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	2022*	2021*	2020*	2019*	2018*	2017*
District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) State's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) associated with the District	0.0489851457% \$ 11,729,006 14,307,544	0.0391009214% \$ 15,082,973 20,207,822	0.0399513271% \$ 15,187,304 20,408,095	0.0398074917% \$ 18,825,450 25,014,813	0.0442493111% \$ 22,094,086 27,040,711	0.0440185629% \$ 19,142,002 23,938,842
Total	\$ 26,036,550	\$ 35,290,795	\$ 35,595,399	\$ 43,840,263	\$ 49,134,797	\$ 43,080,844
District's covered-employee payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$ 38,446,292	\$ 34,045,210	\$ 34,265,161	\$ 31,227,761	\$ 33,394,485	\$ 32,430,857
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	30.51%	44.30%	44.32%	60.28%	66.16%	59.02%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	11.52%	6.18%	4.99%	2.66%	1.57%	0.91%

Note: Only six years of data is presented in accordance with GASB 75 paragraph 245. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

\* The years above present data for the measurement period ending date. The measurement period represents the period for which the pension plan prepares its reports which provides a 10 month delay for financial reporting in accordance with GASB 75.

#### GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	 2023		2022	2021			2020	 2019	 2018
Contractually required contributions	\$ 403,555	\$	396,405	\$	297,037	\$	301,144	\$ 282,674	\$ 305,223
Contributions in relations to the contractual required contributions	 (403,555)		(396,405)		(297,037)		(301,144)	 (282,674)	 (305,223)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 	\$ -
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 40,589,397	\$	38,098,418	\$	33,527,586	\$	33,930,886	\$ 31,297,945	\$ 33,394,485
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	0.99%		1.04%		0.89%		0.89%	0.90%	0.91%

Note: Only five years of data is presented in accordance with GASB 75, paragraph 245. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

# GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

# A. Budget

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Government Fund Types. The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- 1. Prior to June 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse on June 30, and encumbrances outstanding at the time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

- B. Defined Benefit Pension Plan
  - 1. <u>Changes of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date</u>

Actuarial assumptions and methods have been modified since the determination of the prior year net pension liability. These new assumptions were adopted in conjunction with an actuarial experience study. The primary assumption change was the lowering of the single discount rate from 7.25% to 7.00%.

2. Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

# C. OPEB Healthcare Plan

# 1. Changes of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

The single discount rate changed from 1.95% as of last year to 3.91% at August 31, 2022. Lower participation rates and updates to the health care trend rate assumptions were also factors then decreased the District's proportion of the total OPEB liability.

2. Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES REVEIVABLE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		1	2	3		10	20		30	30a	40		50
Tax		Tax Rates		Assessed/Appraised	I	Beginning	Current				Entire		Ending
Roll	Last Ten Years Ended		Debt	Value For School		Balance	Year's		Maintenance	Debt Service	Year's		Balance
Year	June 30	Maintenance	Service	Tax Purposes		7/1/2022	Total Levy	٦	Tax Collections	Tax Collections	Adjustments	6	6/30/2023
xxxx	2013 and Prior Years	Various	Various	Various	\$	494,968	\$-	9	\$ 19,795	\$ 2,581	\$ (6,639)	\$	465,953
2014	2015	1.040000	0.315000	1,738,375,390		56,806	-		3,294	998	(490)		52,024
2015	2016	1.040000	0.308210	1,775,582,092		59,112	-		3,570	1,058	(289)		54,195
2016	2017	1.040000	0.269170	1,920,664,770		71,841	-		6,062	1,569	(221)		63,989
2017	2018	1.040000	0.268481	2,060,938,820		96,674	-		10,511	2,713	(790)		82,660
2018	2019	1.060000	0.238481	2,236,797,443		118,328	-		19,649	4,421	(809)		93,449
2019	2020	0.990000	0.238481	2,439,685,499		191,649	-		47,205	11,371	1,346		134,419
2020	2021	0.903200	0.238481	2,760,450,001		299,392	-		52,548	13,875	(32,459)		200,510
2021	2022	0.882000	0.238481	2,979,931,565		957,575	-		326,498	88,281	(188,585)		354,211
2022	2023	0.864600	0.238481	3,575,917,181		-	39,445,263		29,656,302	8,180,025	(341,486)		1,267,450
1000	TOTALS				\$	2,346,345	\$ 39,445,263	ç	\$ 30,145,434	\$ 8,306,892	\$ (570,422)	\$	2,768,860

# GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND NATIONAL SCHOOL LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Data Contr	ol	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
Code	5	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
	REVENUES				
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 30,000	\$ 300,000	\$ 322,643	\$ 22,643
5800	State Program Revenues	-	18,500	36,829	18,329
5900	Federal Program Revenues	3,300,000	3,900,000	3,083,760	(816,240)
5020	Total Revenues	\$ 3,330,000	\$ 4,218,500	\$ 3,443,232	\$ (775,268)
	EXPENDITURES				
	Current:				
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):				
0035	Food Service	\$ 4,534,763	\$ 4,725,486	\$ 4,760,194	\$ (34,708)
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	\$ 4,534,763	\$ 4,725,486	\$ 4,760,194	\$ (34,708)
6030	Total Expenditures	\$ 4,534,763	\$ 4,725,486	\$ 4,760,194	\$ (34,708)
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ (1,204,763)	\$ (506,986)	\$ (1,316,962)	\$ (809,976)
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
7915	Transfers In				
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$-	\$-	\$ 107,904	\$ 107,904
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 107,904	\$ 107,904
	, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i			<u> </u>	
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (1,204,763)	\$ (506,986)	\$ (1,209,058)	\$ (702,072)
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning (July 1)	2,576,196	2,576,196	2,576,196	
3000	Fund Balance - Ending (June 30)	\$ 1,371,433	\$ 2,069,210	\$ 1,367,138	\$ (702,072)

# GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Data Contro	J	Budgeted	Amo	ounts			ariance with nal Budget Positive
Codes	8	Original		Final	 Actual	(	Negative)
5700 5800	<b>REVENUES</b> Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues	\$ 8,324,826	\$	8,324,826 -	\$ 8,661,825 228,002	\$	336,999 228,002
5020	Total Revenues	\$ 8,324,826	\$	8,324,826	\$ 8,889,827	\$	565,001
0071 0072 0073	EXPENDITURES Debt Service: Principal on Long-Term Debt Interest on Long-Term Debt Bond Issuance Costs and Fees Total Debt Service	\$ 4,900,000 1,607,945 6,000 6,513,945	\$	4,900,000 1,607,945 6,000 6,513,945	\$ 1,550,000 4,953,945 4,500 6,508,445	\$	3,350,000 (3,346,000) <u>1,500</u> 5,500
6030	Total Expenditures	\$ 6,513,945	\$	6,513,945	\$ 6,508,445	\$	5,500
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ 1,810,881	\$	1,810,881	\$ 2,381,382	\$	570,501
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 1,810,881	\$	1,810,881	\$ 2,381,382	\$	570,501
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning (July 1)	 5,614,205		5,614,205	 5,614,205		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending (June 30)	\$ 7,425,086	\$	7,425,086	\$ 7,995,587	\$	570,501

# GREEVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Data Control <u>Codes</u>		Response
SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and / other sources information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?	No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teacher Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If the school district was issued a warrant hold and the warrant hold was not cleared within 30 days from the date the warranty hold was issued, the school district is considered to not have made timely payments).	Yes
	Payments to the TRS and TWC are considered timely if a warrant hold that was issued in connection to the untimely payment was cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued.	
	Payments to the IRS are considered timely if a penalty or delinquent payment notice was cleared within 30 days from the date the notice was issued.	
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? Even if the issue surrounding the initial hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, the shool district is considered to have been inssued a warrant hold.	No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statues, laws and rules that were in effect at the school districts fiscal year-end?	Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school districts property value at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?	Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end.	\$

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Exhibit J-4

# GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO STATE MANDATED PROGRAM REQIREMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Data Control <u>Codes</u>		F	esponse_
	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs		
<u>AP1</u>	Did your District expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?		Yes
<u>AP2</u>	Does the District have writen policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?		Yes
<u>AP3</u>	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$	6,433,897
<u>AP4</u>	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the District's fiscal year. (PICs 24, 26, 28, 29, 30, 34)	\$	1,479,486
	Section B: Billingual Education Programs		
<u>AP5</u>	Did your District expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the District's fiscal year?		Yes
<u>AP6</u>	Does the District have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?		Yes
<u>AP7</u>	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the District's fiscal year.	\$	895,919
<u>AP8</u>	List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the District's fiscal year. (PIC's 25, 35)	\$	2,486,954

# FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

# GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

(01) Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	(02) Federal ALN Number	(02A) Pass-Through Identifying Grant Number	(03) Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed through the Texas Education Agency:			
ESSA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs* ESSA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs* ESSA Title I Part A - School Improvement <i>Total ALN 84.010</i>	84.010a 84.010a 84.010a	23610101116905 22610101116905 23610141116905	\$
IDEA-B Formula - B IDEA-B Formula - ARP - B IDEA-B Discretionary - Deaf - B <i>Total ALN 84.027</i>	84.027 84.027 84.027	236600011169056000 225350021169056000 226600111169055000	907,228 149,685 227,936 1,284,849
Carl Perkins - Perkins V Carl Perkins - Perkins V <i>Total ALN 84.04</i> 8	84.048 84.048	234200006116905 224200006116905	39,113 3,689 42,802
ESSA Title II Part A - Supporting Effective Education Total ALN 84.367	84.367a	23686001116905	211,797 211,797
ESSA Title III Part A - English Language Acquisition Total ALN 84.365	84.365a	23671001116905	146,485 146,485
21st Century Grant* 21st Century Grant* <i>Total ALN 84.287</i>	84.287c 84.287c	226950307110020 236950307110024	71,865 1,413,408 1,485,273
ESSA Title V Part B - Rural & Low Income School Total ALN 84.358	84.358b	23696001116905	49,950 49,950
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief - I* Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief - II* Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief - III* TCLAS - Elementary and Secondary Schools Emerg. Relief - III* <i>Total ALN 84.425</i>	84.425d 84.425d 84.425u 84.425u	20521001116905 21521001212909 21528001116905 215280587110064	84,925 285,862 4,362,358 322,645 5,055,790
ESSA Title IV Part A - Student Support & Academic Achievement Total ALN 84.424	84.424a	23680101116905	17,398 17,398
Teacher Leadership Incentive Teacher Leadership Incentive <i>Total ALN 84.374</i>	84.374a 84.374a	116-905 116-905	84,242 686,545 770,787
Summer School LEP	84.369	69551002	5,867
Total passed through the Texas Education Agency			9,737,523
Total Department of Education			\$ 9,737,523

# GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

(01) Federal Grantor/	(02) Federal	(02A) Pass-Through	(03)
Pass Through Grantor/	ALN	Identifying	Federal
Program Title	Number	Grant Number	Expenditures
	Number	Grant Number	Experiolitures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
Direct Program:			
Head Start	93.600	06CH01062104	\$ 350,819
Head Start	93.600	06CH01062105	1,361,343
Total ALN 93.600			1,712,162
Passed through Texas Education Agency :			
COVID School Health Support	93.323	22393503116905	199,136
COVID School Health Support	33.323	22333303110303	199,100
Total Department of Health and Human Services			1,911,298
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed through the Texas Department of Agriculture:			
School Breakfast Program - A*	10.553	00622	574,339
National School Lunch Program - A*	10.555	00622	2,252,045
Pandemic Emergency Benefits Administration	10.649	00622	3,135
NSLP - Supply Chain Assistance Grant - A*	10.555	00622	6,601
USDA Commodity Food Distribution	10.565	00622	247,640
Total Department of Agriculture			\$ 3,083,760
Total Expenditure of Federal Awards			\$ 14,732,581
* Denotes Major Programs			

A - Child Nutrition Cluster - Total Cluster - \$ 2,832,985

B - Special Education Cluster - Total Cluster - \$ 1,284,849

D - Education Stabilization Fund Cluster - Cluster Total \$ 5,055,790

# GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

### A. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) includes the federal activity of the Greenville Independent School District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which a fund liability occurs. Funds are considered earned to the extent of expenditures made.

The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the District. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

# B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The governmental fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All federal expenditures were accounted for in the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds which are governmental fund types. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowed or are limited as to reimbursement. No federal financial assistance has been provided to a subrecipient.

Federal grants are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant.

### C. Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and used. No provision has been made for amounts on hand on June 30, 2023.

# D. <u>Subrecipients</u>

The District provided federal awards to subrecipients in the Head Start program as follows:

Commerce Independent School District	\$ 134,386
Quinlan Independent School District	 128,515
Total	\$ 262,901

# E. Indirect Cost

The District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

### F. <u>Reconciliation of Federal Revenue with Financial Statements</u>

The District records amounts received from the federal government or other recipients of federal grant as federal revenue in the financial statements. This reconciliation identifies the difference between the financial statement revenues and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards:

Total Federal Expenditures (Exhibit K-1)	\$ 14,732,581
School Health and Related Services	1,702,471
Technology E-rate	 100,509
Federal Revenue (Exhibit C-3)	\$ 16,535,561
	+